PRONUNCIATION PRACTICE FOR THE MAYAN LANGUAGE

The following pronunciation practice is provided as an aid to understand the various particulars of how the Mayan vowels and certain Mayan consonants are pronounced.

The vowels are presented first. The user should focus attention on the distinction between the different lengths and tonal inflections which are given to the vowel sounds. In general, the order of presentation for each vowel sound is: clipped vowel, regular vowel, elongated vowel, glottal stopped / glided glottal stopped vowel. In order to aid the user an apostrophe is used with the clipped vowels in order to distinguish them from regular and elongated vowels. However, as is pointed out in Section 3 in the chapter "The Alphabet", the apostrophe is not normally used and will not be found in the examples given in the grammar nor in the reading selections given in the Anthology.

Following the presentation of the vowel sounds is a section presenting the special Mayan consonants. A description of how these consonant sounds are produced in speaking is given Section 4 in the chapter "The Alphabet". In order to help the user tune his ear to differences between standard consonant sounds and these special consonants the section on the special consonants is followed by a section comparing standard consonants with the special consonants.

The guide concludes with a selection of short, often one word, phrases followed by some every-day conversations. We have tried to give enough here so that the user will have something to work with on his initial contact with Mayan speakers.

The mp3 of the pronunciation guide is available on line at:

http://davidsbooks.org/www/Maya/pronunciation.mp3

VOWEL SOUNDS

"A":

we, our c' (pronounced ca')
Where are we going now? Tuux c' bin beya?

striped squash ca' round squash uoliz ca' mother na' your mother a na'

two, again, then, if, you ca two houses cappel na Then he said... Ca tu yalah... Where are you going? Tuux ca bin?

house na xanil na town cah city nohoch cah

verb root of "to earn" nah

How much do you earn? Bahux ca nahaltic?

future tense, to be good for
I am going.

What are you good for?

Caah
Nin caah.
Baax a caah?

to be full of food naah

Are you filled? Naahech ua?

snake, four, to learn can

boa constrictor (skunk snake) pay och can four men cantul macoob I have to learn Mayan. Yan in canic Maya.

bad, ugly kaz It became broken. Kazchahi.

to tire canal

He has gotten tired.

sky caan high, above, up caanal up there te caanalo

Dzoc u canal.

"E":

wood, tree che'

one tree huncul che'

egg, testicle he'

fried eggs tzahbil he'

he' here

Here they come. He' cu taloob.

road be front door hol be to laugh cheeh

He/she is laughing. Tan u cheeh.

change hel

change of clothes u hel a nok

to open heb

They open their house. Tu heboob u uotochoob.

cold ceel

Are you cold? Ceelech ua?

"I":

cat

ci' delicious very delicious hach ci' edible root ui'

sweet potato root u ui' cup

henequen ci

an area of henequen u pach ci to hunger uiih

I am hungry. Uiihen. miz

huntul miz a cat

broom, to sweep miz

I am sweeping my house. Tan in miztic in uotoch.

thorn, spine kiix

porcupine kiix pach och

"O":

crazy, rabid co' rabid dog co' pek tooth, grain co

a grain of salt hun co taab

large jungle cat, puma coh

large puma nohoch coh

expensive cooh very expensive hach cooh

male, penis ton male cat ton miz untangle chol

Untangle the rope. Chol le zumo.

we, our toon
Not us. Ma toone.

"U":

nest ku'

bird's nest u ku' chiich

smell, stink, rotten tu' rotten egg tu' he' center, middle dzu'

in the middle of the world tu dzu' luum

he/she/it tu
by itself tu hunal
one hun

a rock hunppel tunich

squash seeds kum squash seeds zicil kum

boiled corn ready to grind kuum

half cooked corn kaz takan kuum

earth, world luum

the land of the turkey, u luumil cutz, u luumil ceh

the land of the deer

"AY": fish cay little fish chan cay hoof may u may ceh deer's foot skunk pay och "EY": like bey Bey le baalo. That's the way it is. Beyo. Like that. "OY": corner moy corner of the room u moy na shadow booy shadow of the tree u booy che' "UY": turtle dove mucuy little turtledove chan mucuy pinch thuy a pinch of salt hun thuy taab "AU": boat-tailed grackle kau the tail of the grackle u ne x-kau

pau

Tumben in pauo.

bag

My bag is new.

SPECIAL CONSONANT SOUNDS

"CH":

to take cha'
Take it. Cha'e.

well cheen mouth of the well u chi' cheen

to grasp hold of chiic

He didn't take it. Ma tu chiic.

rat, mouse cho' chan cho' sweet chuhuc pastry chuhuc uah

bucket choy

a bucket of water humppel choy ha'

to hang chuy

bananas hanging in bunches chuyenchuy u yich haaz

"K":

fire kak

the flames of the fire u ledz kak

pig keken

beautiful pig hadzutz keken

blood kik dysentery kik nak day, sun kin

hot sun chocol kin

to carry on one's head koch

She is carrying a water jar.

Tu kochic hunppel ppul ha'.

squash kum

sweet squash chuhuc kum

boiled corn ready for grinding kuum

She is washing the corn.

Tan u ppo'ic le kuumo.

boat tailed grackle kau

big grackle nohoch kau

song, to sing kay

She is singing. Tan u kay.

to dig out of a hole koy

Dig out its eyes. Koy u yich.

crooked, not straight kuy

His neck is not straight. Kuy u cal.

"PP":

to leave something ppat Leave it! Ppate!

just right, even ppelech

Just right. Hach ppelech.

pop-eyed ppich

pop-eyed mouse ppichil ichil cho

to wash ppo'

Wash your face! Ppo' a uich.

hunched back ppuuz the hunch backed people le ppuzobo

"TH":

speech, to speak than
Don't speak. Ma a than.

rooster thel little rooster chan thel

to stretch thin
Stretch it! Thine!
to hand out thox

She is handing out the food. Tan u thoxlantic le hanalo.

rabbit thuul

Br'er Rabbit Juan Thuul

"TZ":

rattles tzab
rattle snake tzab can
one side tzel
Move over! Tzelaba!

penetrating smell tzih

The smell of slake lime is Hach tzih le taano.

penetrating.

hair tzootz

the hair of his head u tzootzil u pol

mound, pile of soft things tzuc

a pile of mud huntzuc luk

to hit the mark tzay

My gun doesn't hit the mark. Ma tu tzayal in dzon.

"DZ":

to give dza
Give it! Dzae!
little dze'
aunt (little mother) dze' na'
cloven hoof dzidz

pig's foot u dzidz keken

finish dzoc Have you finished? dzoc ua?

owner dzul

owner of the gardenu dzulil colthindzoyaana thin persondzoyaan uinic

Have you given the last medicine to the man? Dzoc ua dzic u dzoc u dzac te dzulo?

COMPARATIVE PRONUNCIATIONS

"C" / "K":

snake, four, to learn can sky caan yellow, to be ripe kan hammock, net, web, 20 meters kaan clay jar cat to ask kat poorly ground cel cold ceel toasted kel penis cep unequal kep I (used with transitive verbs) cin day, sun kin wide, to kick coch to carry on the head koch he/she/it cu nest ku' to carry cuch to arrive kuch

"CH" / "CH":

to let loose cha' to take сћа' anteater chab to create, to procreate chab red, to cook in water chac rain, the rain god chac arrow root chaac to cut сћас little chan to look chaan chan pot shards only chen well cħeen

Fromunciation Fractice for the Mayan Language	
grandmother, hard bird	chich chiich
to lie down granary	chil cħil
to clean, to dry mouse, rat	cho cho'
intestine to untie salty	choch choch
pubic hair vulture, pinuela	chom cħom
"P" / "PP":	
to break to open the mouth	pa' ppa'
to weed wall tomato	pac pak ppac
to wait to leave something	pat ppat
to play an instrument to borrow	pax ppax
to move dog to dislike, to hate	pec pek ppec
to cook in ashes to hit making a sound hat	poc pok ppoc
"T" / "TH":	
in front of, to be able slake lime, ashes speech, tongue	tan taan than
I (also, to my) to stretch	tin thin
full (of liquid) rabbit	tul thuul

"Z" / "TZ" / "DZ":	
corn gruel drink fight to give	za' tza' dza
white itch locust to strike a bell medicine, surface of 20 m.	zac zak zak tzak dzac
very sneeze to feed to calm	zen zeen tzen dzem

He is angry because he can't shave with his left hand. Tu dzicil tumen ma tu patal u tzicil yetel u dzic.

batzodzhairtzootzto whipdzodzto accustomzucgrasszuucmoundtzucto rotdzuc

USEFUL PHRASES

Greetings:

Good Morning.

Good Afternoon.

Good Evening.

Dias.

Tardes.

Noches.

Standard Questions:

How are you? (How is your road?)
What do you say? (an informal greeting)
Bix a bel?
Baax ca ualic?
Where are you going?
Tuux ca bin?
Baax ca betic?

Other phrases:

No. Ma'. Certainly not. Ma'tech. Definitely not. Ma'taan. O.K. (lit. "not bad") Ma'lob. Certainly. Hele. Let's go. Coox. Let's eat breakfast. Coox ukul. Let's eat. Coox hanal.

Let's go to the plaza.

Let's go cut firewood.

Let's go to work.

Let's go for a walk.

Let's go to sleep.

Coox kiuic.

Coox zi'.

Coox meyah.

Coox ximbal.

Coox uenel.

Come. Coten. Come here. Coten uaye. Enter. Ocen. Come out. Hoken. Be seated. Culen. Seat yourself. Xectaba. Eat. Hanen. Stand. Ualen. Go. Xen. Take it. Cħa'e. Leave it. Cha'e. Get yourself out of the way. Tzelaba. Hold on. Machcaba. I am going. Nin caah.

Wait I am going. Patic in bin. / Pat in bin.

I have to go. Yan in bin.

SHORT CONVERSATIONS IN THE MAYAN LANGUAGE

Standard Small Talk:

Conversation 1: Informal greeting:

What do you say? Baax ca ualic?

Nothing. And you? Mixbaal. Cux tech?

Just the same. Chen beya.

O.K. I'm going. Malob. Nin caah.

Conversation 2: Formal greeting:

Morning, big father. How are you? Dias, nohoch tat. Bix a bel?

(How is your road?)

Very well, thank you. And you? Hach toh in uol, dios botic tech.

(Very straight my spirit, god Cux tun tech?

pays you. And thus you?)

Very well also, thanks. Hach toh in uol xan, dios botic.

Where are you going? Tuux ca bin?

I am going to my house now. Nin caah tin uotoch beyora.

Do you want to go with me? Tac ua bin tin uetel?

No. I have to go to work.

Matech. Tene yan in bin meyah.

O.K. then. See you later probably. Malob tun. Cacate uale.

Shopping:

Conversation 3: Buying eggs:

Morning. Dias.
Morning. Dias.

Are there any eggs? Yan ua he'?

There are. Come on in. Yan. Ocen.

How much are the eggs? Bahux le he'o?

One hundred pesos each one. Cien pesos cada humppel.

Give me three eggs. Dza ten oxppel he'.

O.K. Wait. Here I will bring Malob. Patici. He in tazic teche.

them to you.

Here is your money. Thank you

He yan a takin. Hach yaabach

very much. I am going. dios botic tech. Pat in bin.

Conversation 4: Buying Mid-day Lunch:

Morning. Dias.

Morning. Are there any tortillas now? Dias. Yan ua uah beyora?

There are. Yan.

Give me one kilo of tortillas.

Dza ten humppel kilo uah.

Here. What else? Hela. Baax ulak?

I think I need a quarter kilo

cheese and one bag of salt and
two sections (teeth) of garlic.

Mi kabet ten cuarto kilo
queso yetel humppel bolsa
taab yetel ca co ajo.

O.K. Here. What else? Malob. Hela. Baax ulak?

For tomorrow I need a half kilo

beans. There is going to be
pig meat here tomorrow?

Utial zamal kabet ten medio
kilo buul. Yan ua u yantal u
bakil keken zamal uaye?

There is. Yan.

O.K. That will do then.

Malob. Yetel lelo.

O.K. then. Wait. Now I will
figure out your bill. Here.

Malob tun. Patici. He in
han hozic a cuenta. Hela.

Two thousand five hundred seventy Dos mil quinientos setenta pesos.

pesos.

O.K. Here. Malob. Hela.

Thank you. Here is your change. Dios botic tech. Hela yan a vuelto.

Conversation 5: Getting directions:

Afternoon. Tardes.
Afternoon. Tardes.

Do you know Don Julio Dzul? A kahol ua don Julio Dzul?

I know him. In kahol.
Is he home? Culaan ua?

I think he is home now.

When I passed by his house
he was just returning from work.

Mi culaan beyora.

Ca manen tu yotoche
tan tu yul tu meyahe.

Where is his house?

You just keep on this road.
Then when you pass the plaza
you have to go another two blocks.
His house is on the
east side of the road.

O.K. Thank you. I am going.

Tuux yan u yotoch?

Chen ca bin ti le bea.
Le can manech te kiuico
ca bin ulak cappel cuadras.
Te lakin le beo
ti yan u yotocho.

Malob. Dios botic tech. Pat in bin.

The following vocabulary is a list of words which are to be found in the modern stories given in the Anthology, starting on page 261. It is thus by no means a very extensive vocabulary, but it does cover many words used in daily conversation.

For those interested in a much more complete vocabulary go to:

http://davidsbooks.org/www/Maya/MS2.pdf

This file is relatively large, being about 30 MB, so it will take a while to download.

A.

A: you (singular).

A -eex: you, your (plural).

Abil: grandchild.

Ac: turtle.

Ahzic: to awaken.

Akabtal: to become dark.

Al: heavy.
Alic: to say.
Alcab: to run.
Antic: to help.
Atan: wife.
Atial: yours.
Auat: cry, scream.

В.

Baal: thing. Baax: what.

Baaxten: why, what for.

Babaal: monster. Bacaan: certainly. Bah: gopher.

Bahun: how much. Bahux: how much.

Bak: meat. Balche: animal. Ban: what.

Baxac: what. Behora: now. Bel: road. Belae: today.

Belah: used in the expression mixbaal a belah "you're good for nothing".

Belartic: from the Spanish verb velar = "to vigil".

Betic: to do, to make.

Bey: like, as. Bic: careful. Bin: to go. Bin: they say.

Bin pach: to go behind, to follow.

Bix, Biix: how.

Biz cep: Maya pronunciation of bistec.

Bizic: to take, to carry.

Boch: shawl. Bool: pay.

Botic: to pay.

Bucaah: what quantity.

C.

Ca: then, when, that.

Ca: two.

Caachi: awhile ago.

Caah: immediate future indicator.

Caah: to be good for.

Caanal: to tire.
Caanal: above.
Cab: earth.
Cab: honey.

Cabal: below, down. Cacah: to begin.

Cachi: see Caachi: a while ago..

Cah: town.

Cahacbal: to live someplace, to dwell.

Cahcuntic: to live with.

Cay: fish.
Can: four.
Can: snake.
Can: when.
Cax: chicken.

Caxtic: to find, to look for.

Ceel: cold. Cep: penis.

Cex: even, even if.

Ci ol: delicious spirit, happy, contented.

Cib: candle, pitch.

Cichpam: beautiful (feminine).

Cimac ol: contented.

Cimic: death.
Cimzic: to kill.
Cizin: devil.

Coh chaktic: to kick.

Col: garden. Colel: woman.

Colel cab: lady bee, honey bee.

Conic: to sell. Coox: let's go. Coten: come here. Cuch: load, burden.

Cultal: to sit.

Cum: pot, caldron. Cuuc: squirrel. Cux: and. Cuxtal: to live.

K.

Kaak: fire. Kaam: strong.

Kaamtal: to become strong.

Kaan: hammock. Kaax: forest, woods.

Kab: hand. Kab che: branch. Kaba: name. Kabet: to need.

Kahzic: to remember.

Kay: sing.

Kaknab: sea. See also Kanab: lake, sea.

Kalaantic: to take care of. Kalic: to close, to lock.

Kanab: lake, sea. Kat: to want. Katic: to ask. Kaxal ha: to rain.

Kaz: ugly. Keken: pig.

Keyem: corn gruel. Kikitpahal: to spill out.

Kin: sun, day.

Kochic: to carry on the head.

Kop: to knock.

Ku na: god's house, church.

Kuchul: to arrive. Kuxil: to get angry.

Ch.

Chaic: to leave something.

Chan: little, small.

Che: tree.

Chen: just, only.

Chen baale: only thing, the only thing was that.

Chi: mouth, edge. Chich: grandmother.

Chich: hard.

Chichan: little, very small.

Chiihic: to bite.

Chilicbal: to be lying down.

Chiltal: to lie down.

Chital: see Chiltal: to lie down.

Chincha: bed bug.

Chinchincbal: to be leaning over.

Chocotal: to become hot. Chuc: see Chuuc: charcoal.

Chuc pach: to catch from behind, to catch up with.

Chucaan: completed, the rest.

Chuchic: to suck. Chucic: to catch. Chum: trunk. Chumuc: middle.

Chun kintal: to become mid-day.

Chup: full. Chupic: to fill. Chuuc: charcoal.

Cħ.

Chacic: to cut.

Chaic: to get, to take something.

Chenebtic: to peep.

Chepic: to strike a match.

Chic: flea.

Chic: to take. Contraction of chaic.

Chiich: bird.

Chizic: to grow, to fatten.

Cho: mouse.
Chochlin: cicada.
Chom: vulture.
Chotic: to lock in.
Chuctic: to spy upon.

E.

Ehochen, ekhochen: dark.

Ehochental, ekhochental: to become dark.

Elel: to burn.

Emzic: to take down. Emel: to get down. Et xibil: comrade. Ezic: to show.

H.

Ha: water. Haab: year.

Haab cimic: anniversary of death.

Haaz: banana. Hac: spit. Hach: very. Hadzic: to beat. Hadzutz: pretty, nice.

Hah: true.

Hahadzic: to really beat.

Hahil: truth, true.

Hakzic ol: to frighten the spirit.

Haylibe: anyway.

Hay kintic: to sun, to warm by sun.

Haylic: to lay out, to spread upon the ground.

Hal: edge.

Hal chi: edge of the opening.

Halach uinic: real man, a high dignitary. Halic: to pull out of liquid, to dish out.

Han: quickly, rapidly. Hanal: food, to eat. Hantic: to eat something.

Hapic: to open.

Hazic ol: to frighten the spirit, contraction of hakzic ol.

He: edge.

He: particle signifying agreement to do something in the future.

Heic: to open. Hela: here. Hele: certainly. Helo: there. Heten: very.

Hettal: to spread out.

Hodzic: to pull out, to rip off. Hokol: to come out, to go out.

Hol: hole.

Hol it: anus, ass hole. Hol na: house hole, door. Hol tuch: stomach hole, navel.

Hopol: to begin. Hoya: to gouge out.

Hozic: to pull out, to take out.

Huch: tortilla dough.

Hum: noise.

Hun: one.

Hun dzit: a stick, a piece.

Hun kan: an area twenty by twenty meter square; a length of twenty meters.

Hunppel: one thing. Hun ppit: a bit.

Huntul: one living being. Hun zutuc: a little while.

Huun: paper.

I.

Ic: chili.

Ich: eye, face.

Ich: contraction of Ichil: in, inside.

Icham: husband. Ichil: in, inside.

Icnal: next to, beside, with.

Ik: wind, air, spirit.

Ilic: to see.
In: I, me, my.
It: anus, ass.
Ixim: corn.

Ixtaco: I suppose, it seems so.

L.

Lachic: to scratch, to tear with claws.

Lah: all, completely.

Lahic: to hit. Lathic: to hold up.

Le: leaf.

Le: a demonstrative adjective (see grammar, sections 8, 44).

Le betic: that makes, for that reason.

Le can: when. Lem: very. Lemcech: very.

Len: very

Leti: him, her, it. Leyli: still, always. Likil: to get up.

Lob: bad. Loczic: to boil.

Loczic: to boil. Lubul: to fall.

Lukzic: to pull away: to get away.

M.

Ma: no, not. Maax: who.

Ma taan: certainly not. Ma tech: definitely not. Mac: cover, man, person.

Machic: to grab, to take in the hand.

Macic: to cover.

Mac chi: to cover the mouth, shut up.

Mahantic: to loan, to borrow.

Makol: lazy. Malahic: to hit.

Malob: not bad, good, okay, well.

Mam: mother, lady. Man: to pass by. Manic. To buy.

Max: who. See also Maax.

Mazcab: machete. Mehen: small. Mekic: to embrace. Meyah: work, to work.

Mi: I think.

Minaan: to not exist, there are not any.

Mix: not, not even. Mixbaal: nothing.

Mixbaal belah: to be good for nothing.

Mixmac: nobody. Miz: cat, broom. Miztic: to sweep.

Motz: root. Mul: together. Muul: mound.

N.

Na: house. Naach: far.

Naachtal: to become far, to go away from.

Naah: full of food, to be sated.

Naatic: to understand. Nacal: to climb.

Nacal ol: to tire the spirit, to become tired of. Nachic: to bite, to hold onto with the teeth.

Nadz: near.

Nadztal: to become near to, to draw near.

Nohoch: big, large.

Nohochtal: to become large.

Nohochtal u nak: to become large in the stomach, to become pregnant.

Nok: clothes. Nuc: big, old. Nucic: to answer. Nucuch: large: big.

O.

Oc: foot, leg.

Och: opossum; see ooch.

Ocol: to rob.
Ohel: to know.
Okol: to cry.
Olal: because of.

Onzicil: pumpkin seed soup.

Ooch: food. Otoch: house. Otzil: poor. Ox: three.

P.

Paatic: to leave something.

Paaxic: to break.

Pakachtic: to make tortillas.

Pay: to loan.

Pay och can: skunk snake, boa constrictor.

Pakic: to plant, to beat, to beat something into something.

Pal: child. Patal: to be able. Patic: to wait.

Paxic: to play music. Peczic: to move, to stir.

Pek: dog. Pero (Sp.): but.

Pim: thick, thick tortilla. Pimpim: thick, very thick.

Pol: head.

Poloc: fat, thick.

Poloctal: to fatten, to become fat. Pudzul: to get lost, to hide, to lose.

Pulic: to throw. Put: papaya.

Pp.

Ppec: to dislike.

Ppichi: at the very edge, popped out.

Ppitin pul: to hop, to jump while spinning around.

Ppoc: hat. Ppoic: to wash.

Ppoic noc: to wash clothes, to know when one is menstruating.

Ppul: jar.

T.

Ta: feces.

Taacic: to hide.

Tac: until.

Takan: ripe, cooked.

Takic: to stick. Takin: money. Tal: to come.

Tan: present tense time indicator (gerund).

Tancab: in front, outside the house.

Tancelem: young. Tanxel: other. Tat: father. Tatakci: sticky. Tazic: to bring.

Te: contraction of Ti le. See Ti: to, at.

Tech: you (singular). Teex: you (plural).

Tela: here. Telo: there. Ten: I.

Ti: to, at, than. Tocic: to burn.

Tohol chintic: to throw straight, to throw out somebody.

Toon: we, us.

Topic: to screw someone up. Toz ha: to sprinkle rain.

Tubul: to forget.

Tu caten: again, once again.

Tul chintic: to push, to push someone.

Tuclic: to think. Tulacal: all.

Tumen: because, because of.

Tun: therefore, then. Tunich: rock, stone.

Tupic: to put out a fire.

Tuux: where. Tuxtic: to send. Tuz: lie, deceit. Tuzic: to lie.

Th.

Thabic: to light a fire.

Than: word, to say, to speak.

Thel: cock, rooster.

Thilic: to suspend by a string, to hold up.

Thohtic: to sprinkle by hand. Thublic: submerged in water.

Thuchlic: to perch.

Thul: rabbit.

Thulic: contraction of Thublic: submerged in water.

Thup: the end, the last.

Thuy: a pinch.

U (as a vowel).

U: he, she, it, his, hers, its.

U -ob: they, theirs. Ubic: to hear, to feel. Uchul: to happen.

Ucum: dove. Ukic: to drink.

Ulak: other, another.

Ulum: turkey. Urich: snail.

Utial: his, so that, for.

Utz: good.

Utz tu ich: good to the eve, to like.

Utz tu than: good to the tongue, to taste good.

U = w.

Ua: if, interrogative particle.

Uacax: cow.
Uachic: to untie.
Uah: tortilla.
Uaye: here.
Uech: armadillo.
Uecic: to pour.
Uenel: to sleep.

Ueyuey ppuchtic: to throw down and smash.

Uih: hunger.

Uinic: human, man, person.

Uix: urine.

X.

Xak chintic: to throw out, to throw away.

Xaktic: to mix up. Xan: also, too, slowly.

Xanab: sandal.

Xantal: to come slowly, to take a long time, to be late.

X-cax: chicken.

X-chich: grandmother, old lady.

X-chupal: girl.

X-cichpam: beautiful.

X-cole: woman.

Xen: go! (imperative).

Xet: piece. Xib: male.

Xib babaal: monster.

Xibil: male. Xibpal: boy.

Xic: fourth form of "to go".

Xicin: ear.

Xik: wing, arm pit. Ximbal: to walk, to visit. X-kuruch: cockroach.

X-nuc: old lady.

Xocic: to count, to read.

Xolic: to kneel. Xotic: to cut.

Xunan: lady, woman.

Xupic: to run out of, to use up.

Y.

Yaab: much, many, a lot.

Yacuntic: to love.

Yah ol: to hurt the spirit, to feel sad.

Yan: to have, to exist. Yanal: below, underneath.

Yantal: to have, to come to have.

Yax: green, blue, first.

Yax chum: in the first place. Yax kin: first day, dry season. Yax ta: green feces, diarrhea.

Yetel: with, and. Yikel cab: honey bee. Yokol: on top of, over. Yum: father, owner, god.

Yum kin: priest.

Z.

Zaatic: to lose.

Zabucan: bag, pouch.

Zac: white.

Zac cib: white wax, pitch.

Zahac: fear.
Zahcab: cave.
Zam: a while.
Zamal: tomorrow.
Zanzamal: daily.

Zatic: see Zaatic: to lose.

Zaztal: to become light, to dawn.

Zeb: quickly.
Zeen: phlegm.
Zen: very.
Zeten: very.

Zi: firewood, to gather firewood. Zicil: seeds from pumpkins or squash.

Zinic: ant.

Zohol: plant debris, leaf litter. Zublac: shame, modesty.

Zuc: accustom. Zum: rope. Zutic: to return.

Zutic u hel: to turn around, to get back at someone.

Zutic u pach: to turn one's back on someone.

Tz.

Tzahic: to fry.

Tzantzanchaktic: to stamp, to make noise with the feet.

Tzatz: fat, lard.

Tzayic: to hit with aim, to hit with a gun.

Tzel: beside.

Tzelic: to put to one side.

Tzem: breast.

Tzicbaltic: to tell, to converse.

Tzimin: horse, tapir. Tzolic: to tell, to recount.

Dz.

Dza: to give. Dzaic: to give. Dzapa: stack.

Dzedzec: some, a few.

Dzic: to give, contraction of dzaic.

Dzindzin: blue-tail fly. Dzipit kab: ring.

Dzipit kab. Hilg. Dzoc: just, already.

Dzocol bel: literally "to finish the road", meaning "to get married".

Dzoczic: to finish. Dzon: gun, hunter. Dzul: gentleman.